Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 57. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. WHOLE NUMBER, 2945.

NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, FERUARY 22, 1861. VOL. 4. NO. 28.

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Jan. 18, 1860. Pittsburg, Pa.

GREAT BARGAINS!
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Wishing to reduce our stock as low as possible by Spring, we will offer every description of

WINTER GOODS!
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AT COST, FOR CASH.
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AT COST, FOR CASH.

Ready made Clothing at Half-Price.

☞CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.☜

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Jan. 14, 1861.

PUBLIC SALE OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on Friday, 15th March, next, his property at the "Turn," one mile below Bedford, containing about one hundred acres. This property is well and favorably located—is good land, with 60 acres under good fence, and has a water-power on it that is not surpassed by any in the county. It is at a point where a grist mill would command the custom of a large part of Snake Spring Valley, Friend's Cove, the "Dutch Corner," and Bedford and vicinity. It lies on both sides of the turnpike, where the Railroad, when made, must run within a few rods of the mill seat. The undersigned feels bound to sell, and a bargain can be had. Terms: One third in hand, and the balance in three payments, without interest. For particulars address Cessna & Shannon, Bedford, Pa., or

WM. CHENOWETH,

Jan. 25, 1861. Bedford, Pa

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned having been granted letters of administration on the Estate of Dr. M. L. Allison, late of Schellsburg Borough, dec'd., all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

N. B. I have appointed John S. Schell, Esq., of Schellsburg, to act for me in my absence, and all persons indebted to, or having claims against the Estate, can settle with him.

W. M. ALLISON.

Feb. 1, 1861. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testementary upon the estate of James Hinton, of Napier tp., dec'd., having been granted the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for payment.

SHADRACH HINTON, of Napier tp.,
J. C. ELY, of Schellsburg, Ex'ors.

NEW GOODS,

JUST ARRIVED AT

MRS. S. E POTTS'.

A large assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,
FALL & WINTER GOODS,

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FANCY DRESS GOODS

of all kinds, handsome winter silks, French merinoes, all wool delaines,

BONNETS & RIBBONS,
BONNETS & RIBBONS

Flowers, Ruches, bonnet velvets—new style, handsome cloaks,

FUR CAPES,
FUR CAPES,

Also, a large assortment of victorines and muffs.

Nov. 2, '60.

WHY NOT? WHY NOT?

Save your money,

By buying your goods of

OSTER & CARN,

Cheapide.

You'll find it the cheapest place in town.

They have just received another choice selection of new and choice Winter goods.

Their stock is large, and suited to the wants of the community. Call and see.

Dec. 14th, 1860.

NO EXCUSE—For reasons satisfactory to myself, I respectfully request all persons having accounts on my Books of 6 months standing to call and settle the same either by cash or note.—Persons having no money can have no excuse for neglecting to give their notes. And all neglecting to make settlement—will have their accounts left the Squire's.

Nov. 9 '60. WM. HARTLEY.

H. BANCROFT & CO.,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH
FANCY GOODS,

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May 18, '60.–1 yr.

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PRINTER AND STATIONER,

439 *CHESTNUT STREET*,

PHILADELPHIA.

May 18, '66.–1 yr.

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IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
BY B. F. MEYERS,

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$2.00 " " if paid within the year.
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☞The courts have decided that persons are accountable for the subscription price of newspapers, if they take them from the post office, whether they subscribe for them, or not.

For the Bedford Gazette.

OBITUARY.

DIED—On the morning of February 12, 1861, after a few days illness, MRS. ELIZA COLVIN, in the 73d year of her age.

She was born in 1788, married in 1804, and was the sister of Charles McDowell.

She was the mother of ten children, fifty one grand children, and four great grand children, most of whom were present at her funeral.

She joined the Presbyterian Church in Bedford, in 1808, and has lived a consistent member ever since.

She lived in Schellsburg about 28 years, during which time she gained many warm friends, who can truly sympathise with her bereaved children. The following lines are

RESPECTFULLY INSCRIBED TO HER CHILDREN.

Sons and daughters of one mother,
Are bereft of that kind friend;
God has claimed the soul forever
Which our childhood did defend.
And we trust in his rich mercy,
He has borne thee to the skies,
Where attended by his angels.
Sounds of sorrow ne'er shall rise.

Yes! our mother, we shall miss thee,
When thou'rt laid beneath the sod;
And our eyes shall ne'er behold thee,
When thou'rt in the land of God.
But the blest assurance whispers
That thy life was such an one,
That the angels homeward led thee
Trusting in thy Father's Son.

And when years have floated by us,
To the endless sea of time,
And temptations hard have tried us,
We shall meet thee in that clime,
If we but our savior's warning
Heed while it is called to-day
And in life's's bright sunny morning
Meekly seek his Grace alway.

Oh! then draw us closer to him,
Fix our hopes upon his love;
Humbly in his word believing,
We shall all meet her above,
Where with hymns and sweetest anthems,
We shall sing forever more,
To the Lord who brought us hither,
And our own great God adore.

J. H. M.

Schellsburg, Feb. 14th, 1861.

From the Boston Courier.

ONE TRIBE LACKING IN ISRAEL.

FAST DAY SERMON OF REV. DR. NEHEMIAH ADAMS.

"O Lord God of Israel, why is this come to pass in Israel, that there should be to-day one tribe lacking in Israel?"—*Judges*, XXI: 3.

It has been said of late, on high authority, that if there be one State willing to leave the Union, there are two who would be glad to come in. But thirty-three Canadas would not fill the place of one Carolina. In many a family circle there is "one vacant chair," which seems only more vacant when strangers are present. We are none of us willing to hear that one member of these confederated States have experienced irrevocable dissolution from us; every other thought and feeling towards her may, in turn, occupy our minds; but though a disease which affects the body and mind of a patient may discompose and weary his friends, yet, when the last breath departs, and the seal of death is affixed, the heart breaks, grief overflows, a life-long sorrow falls upon the dwelling.

In the heat of a contention between relatives and friends, the beautiful histories of love and joy within the charmed circle are forgotten, or perhaps they serve for exasperation. When passion has cooled, and reflection succeeds, the old memories of kindness and love make the strife seem unaccountable. The times when, in counsel and in league, they went through scenes of agony together and were victorious, make the disputants feel that they surely never should have quarrelled. But until the principles of Christ maintain their ascendancy in the hearts of men, no relationships, private or public, are safe from alienation.

Of the Southern States, South Carolina is, in its temperament, most Southern. In every large family and association, there will be found a South Carolina, a temperament mercurial, a movement framed of hairsprings, an arm with a too easy trigger. Many are the rebukes administered, frequent is the loss of patience, and painful is the carefulness not to give offence, on the part of the rest; and yet this member of the circle is at times warmly loved, is indispensable at festivities, and where there is enthusiasm, so that you are tempted to feel alternately that you can neither do anything with him or without him. "God hath tempered the body together." Northern granite, ice, and the East wind do not characterize the whole land, and yet it is also well that there is something within its borders besides orange blossoms, cotton, sugar cane, magnolias and the Palmetto.

There is great respect in the Southern heart for the deep foundations and solid superstructure of a true Northern character; while to a Northerner, the South, with its warm, generous love, used to seem like their yellow jasmine clambering into every part of a tree, like a child in your arms searching with its passionate love to find another place for a kiss. Or again, when you consider their chivalrous spirit, as tested by our revolution, our foreign diplomacy, our national legislation, you were ready to adopt as your Southern symbol, the Cherokee Rose, which, while it flings its arms over everything and covers it with flowers, also makes a hedge which defies man and beast.

If reason, mingled with kind words and actions, can prevent it, we do not intend to lose one State from this Confederacy. As Wordsworth's "simple child" with her six brothers and sisters, some dead, some scattered, said to the passer-by, "We are Seven," we, the old States of this Union, mean to say, till time shall be no longer, "We are Thirteen." We miss one piece of household treasure to-day, and we are not thinking of all which remains, but of the piece which is lost; we shall sweep the house diligently till we find it. And as the shepherd did not stop to consider whether the hundreth sheep wandered away or was driven off, we will leave the ninety and nine which are in the fold till we find the absent one and lay it on our shoulders rejoicing.

There was a civil war in Israel. Men in the tribe of Benjamin had been guilty of an atrocious crime. The other tribes demanded their lives, and the demand was accompanied with imitations of force in case of refusal.—This roused the spirit of resistance. The nation inquired of God which tribe should "go up first," or lead the attack. The answer was, Judah. The inquiry was not, shall we go up? but who shall go up first? The answer was suited to the pre-determined spirit of the inquiry. The eleven tribes were defeated in the first battle, with the loss of twenty-two thousand, and in the second of eighteen thousand. Then they fasted and wept, and began the war again, and slew twenty-five thousand of Benjamin and burned his cities. Then they wept. Perhaps they felt that they had done right, and had executed justice; but they must also have reflected that wise delay and a more patient use of means to effect their demands, or an expression of honorable confidence that Benjamin would redress the great wrong, would have done more for the furtherance of justice, besides preventing the awful carnage. The scabbard is the place for the sword, till we are positively sure that the cause is of God, and that every other instrument of redress has certainly failed. Chaucer says, "There be many who be ready to cry *Werre! Werre!* who little ken what *Werre* amounteth."

The better feelings of our nature rose up in the hearts of Israel when they saw the carnage; but still, this was their chief sorrow, that a tribe was destroyed. Then they remembered Moses and the Red Sea, the wilderness and the manna, and the rock that followed them; the cloud by day and pillar of fire by night, which seen from every tent door, was the banner of God Almighty extending its protection to Benjamin as well as to Judah. Would that Benjamin had not sinned! Would that we had treated sinning Benjamin with the meekness of wisdom. "And the children of Israel repented them for Benjamin their brother, and said, There is one tribe cut off from Israel this day."

I shall not attempt to draw a parallel between this passage of sacred history and our national affairs, for the histories themselves do not warrant this. I would only use the incident that we may see now the patriotism of the Hebrew tribes mourned over calamities which, it is possible, may now be impending over these States.

The hand of God, we cannot doubt, is in these affairs. Our prevailing belief is that we are to see good days, and not only so, but unexampled prosperity; that the "beauty of the Lord our God" will be upon us; that a more perfect understanding of each other, a larger charity, more forbearance, and a willingnes to be instructed by each other as to our respective interests and duties, will lead the different sections of the land to dwell together in love and concord. Let no one think that we cannot all agree, for example, on the subject of slavery. A strong presumptive reason for believing that we shall substantially agree upon this subject is, that the God of our Fathers and our God, cannot, we devoutly trust, through us, inflict upon us and upon our interests such calamities as will inevitably flow from continued disagreement of humanity. The possibility of agreement on this subject seems easy when we admit one simple, obvious truth, namely: That there is in the Southern States a body of christian people in every respect as humane, wise, and pious as christians at the North.

This proposition, which would awaken a smile (to speak moderately) at the South, is not practically believed here at the North. We mourn over our Southern Christian friends as implicated in a great transgression, which we complain they are defending. Our great Northern fault on this subject is a meek self-righteousness. You sometimes hear a good man among you say, "I have no doubt that there are some good people at the South." What would we think if at the South we should hear a Southern Christian say this of our Northern section? Just now, probably, our patience would not be likely to be tried in that way.

We at the North are certainly responsible before God for the existence of slavery in our land. The committee of the convention which framed the Constitution of the United States consisted of Messrs. Rutledge of South Carolina, Randolph of Virginia, and three from free States, viz., Messrs. Wilson of Pennsylvania, Gorham of Massachusetts, and Ellsworth of Connecticut. They reported as a section for the Constitution, that no tax or other duty should be laid on the migration or importation of such persons as the several States should think proper to admit; not that such migration or importation should be prohibited. This was referred by the Convention to a committee, a majority of whom being from the slave States, they reported that the slave trade be abolished after 1800, and that a tax be levied on imported slaves. But in the Convention, the free States of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Connecticut voted to extend the trade eight years, and it was accordingly done, by means of which it is estimated there are now at least three hundred thousand more slaves in the country than there would otherwise have been.

If our consciences trouble us in this thing, we can favor a subscription to redeem our proportion of these bond people. But we could most acceptably and suitably discharge our responsibility, if we united in an address to the Christians of the Presbyterian, Episcopal, Baptist, Methodist, and other Churches in the South, and committing the subject to them, and praying that if at any time we, in their judgment, can aid them, they will command our services. Such a proposition, whatever might be thought of it at the South, would, even among us, in some quarters, as you very well know, be received with derisive laughter; and would be likened to a proposition to refer the subject of buglary to the burglars of Boston.—But the day is breaking. God is preparing us to look at this subject dispassionately. No man will be required to approve of wrong and oppression; nor to prefer slave labor to free; nor to vote to prefer slave labor to free; nor to vote for the extension of the system; but we shall come to the conclusion that the best way of being friends to the colored people is to be friends to their masters, and to enlarge that charity a little which seems to us so kindly to admit that there are, no doubt, good people who own slaves. We shall, perhaps, ere long be willing to say that the great body of Southern Christians no more approve of practical injustice and cruelty than we, and that if cruel things are perpetrated, those Christians can best deal with them, without our help.—There are pictures of loving kindness in the daily history of those masters and mistresses, the contemplation of which will, by and by, change our tone of feeling toward them, and make us inquirers and learners, and not dictators on this subject. To illustrate my remark: A Northern lady in the South called upon a Southern lady, and found her nursing a black infant. It was the infant of one her servants. The child was sick, and it died upon the lap of the mistress; the slave mother could not nurse the child; her mistress did it for her. That mistress was a sister of a Vice President of the United States. That is "slavery;" yes, it is as truly "slavery" as "sanction blocks" are slavery. Yes, we may look for the time, not far off when Christians at the South will come to be regarded by our people to be as humane and benevolent as they.

He is ignorant of human nature, however, who supposes that men, when convinced of their erroneous opinions, or of their ill effects, will at once rescind them by resolutions and votes. Some public acts may call for such summary procedure, and a magnanimous people always do themselves honor by proving, at certain junctures, that they can afford to be just. But a magnanimous disputant or adversary also shows his good sense by liberally interpreting an act or word to the credit of good feeling and in trusting to the sense of justice in the other party. Reconcilliation may be said to be, as the wise man says council is, "in the heart of man, like deep water; and a man of understanding will draw it." Our Free States are not to lose one right, one principle, one privilege, moral, political, or religious, in consenting to an amicable adjustment of this great controversy; we are to stand just where we did when we entered into the Confederacy; and who of us desires more?

There is an alternative issue which is possible: I mean the division of this country into two great parts, a slaveholding and a non-slaveholding confederacy. It may be that God intends some great benefit to the African race, and to the world through them, by making them contribute, under Southern masters, to the progress of wealth, while their own elevation and salvation is effected—for there are more of this race who are hopefully converted to God in this country, in proportion to their numbers than of the whites. The Most High may have still further reference here to the civilization and christianization of Africa. The South, being freed from interference on the part of the North, and associating with herself some of the other States, may be strong enough to work out some great problem connected with Africa, and perhaps Mexico. No one supposes that a single State could endure long as a separate Commonwealth, nor that the slave states will all of them fail to make common cause, unless their constitutional rights are guaranteed. Therefore it may be that in the fulfillment of mighty plans whose circumference no mortal wisdom has a radius to measure, God intends to make two nations here out of one.

The contemplation of this possible design, perhaps to be effected, if at all, peaceably, should quiet our hearts and make us willing to give up even the UNION to His all-wise purposes. We could all survive such a development of divine providence and be happy.—But, alas! our passions, and more especially, our conscience, might not allow the separation to continue peaceful. God may suffer us to break asunder, as even his own peculiar people, Israel, were broken into two parts and miserably perished. What wars raged between these two parts of a once happy nation! "And there was war between Rehoboam and Jeroboam all the days of his life," and the same is said of other kings of Israel and Judah. The histories of rival republics on the continent of Europe are beacon lights. If the North is so conscientiously opposed to the Southern institution, what can be expected but perpetual aggression and retaliation? Not only so, but among the people of the North a state of mutual exasperation and strife may come to pass, more bitter, even, if possible, than between the North and the South. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord," before such a time. We turn from such a picture, beseeching God to have mercy upon us. If the South is conscientiously persuaded that her mission is to have custody of the black, until God in his providence shall disclose some way not yet discovered, to relieve her from the charge, and if we are as conscientiously persuaded that she is sinful, and that we cannot maintain with her that Confederacy which her fathers and our fathers purchased and transmitted, in the name of a just and holy God let us go apart, and commit each our cause to Him that judgeth righteously.

Two things on our part can preserve the Union. One is the general prevalence among us of that scriptural truth, that the relation of ownership in man is not in itself sinful. The other is the persuasion that the good people of the South are equally competent with ourselves to judge, and are better qualified without our aid than with it, to discharge their social duties. These things cannot be voted; nor will they be adopted through any public overtures. They will, however, prevail, because they are just and true—unless the God of nations is preparing to afflict us, or to execute some great purpose by our connection with the African race, in either of which cases it now seems likely that our Northern sentiment and action will prove invincible. Whatever may happen, and however we may, as friends and fellow citizens, differ on these great subjects, he who becomes passionate and resentful, loses one evidence that he is right. The great nonconformist divine, John Howe, speaking of religious controversies, says that it "must afflict angels to see men *fighting in the dark* about mysteries which even angels cannot fathom." We ought not to fight with the Southern Christians about that inscrutable mystery which for so long a time perplexed good men. Some, on either side, profess to understand it, and can show you their easy solutions. At the South there are not only "the good and gentle," but also "the froward," as in Paul's day. The "froward" are also with us, and on both sides they have made this trouble, for to them are chiefly to be ascribed those things which, by long and painful irritation, have brought us to this extremity. Right or wrong, South Carolina is a proper subject, at the present time, for sorrow on our part rather than defiance.—"Wisdom is better than weapons of war;" if we, the party in this contest which is to make and offer terms of peace, shall receive wisdom from God, we shall pass through these dangerous straits "and the glorious Lord shall be to us a place of broad rivers and streams." If you ask, What shall we pray for? I say, "wisdom is the principal thing; therefore get wisdom, and with all thy gettings, get understanding." We need in both sections to know and to understand each other better; and here is surely a case in which "wisdom and knowledge" would be "the stability of our times." Perhaps it is worth all which it has thus far cost to bring this whole nation to the frame of mind in which it is to-day, and which is best expressed by these inspired words: "Behold, as the eyes of servants look into the hand of their masters, and as the eyes of a maiden unto the hand of her mistress, so our eyes wait upon the Lord our God, until that he have mercy upon us."

☞RETALIATION IN GEORGIA.—The authorities of Georgia seized five New York vessels, in the harbor at Savannah, on Friday week in retaliation for the act of the New York police, who seized upon a lot of arms, a short time since, that were being shipped from New York to Georgia. This act rather startled the New Yorkers and a telegraph despatch was immediately sent south stating that New York had given up the arms to the parties claiming them. As soon as this fact was made known to the Governor of Georgia, the ships were released and allowed to go their way. This is a lesson that may be profitable to the Black Republican Police Superintendent of New York. He must remember that "it is a poor rule that will not work both ways."

A letter from Philadelphia to the New York *Tribune* says:

The contest in our IIId Congressional District has been decided against the Republicans. Our candidate, Verree, was returned as being elected by 22 majority. Kline, his opponent, contested this, and a recount of the seventeen ballot-boxes was had. In four of these the recount elects Kline by 9 votes. But the whole examination disclosed the same careless handling and irresponsible custody of the ballot-boxes after election as were shown in the Lehman and Butler case. In fact, it is believed the boxes had been opened and the votes changed; so that our elections are practically decided, not by the voters, but by those who keep the boxes. The whole proceeding will go to the House for settlement.

SWEEPING DEMOCRATIC TRIUMPH IN LANCASTER.—The municipal election in Lancaster city on Tuesday of last week resulted in the success of the whole Democratic ticket, by over 700 majority. That sterling Democrat and faithful officer, Hon. George Sanderson, is re-elected Mayor by 720 majority over Wiley, Opposition; being a Democratic gain of 512 since last year, when he beat Burrows, Opp., by 208 majority. John Meyers, Dem., is elected High Constable, by a like majority. The Democrats carry every Ward in the city electing all their Councilmen, &c. The Democratic majority in North-East Ward is sixty.

This is an emphatic declaration of the people of Lancaster against the destructive policy of Black Republicanism, and an indication of what might be expected from the popular voice of the whole State, were it allowed to be heard now. The Lincoln majority in November, would dwindle away to thousands less than nothing.

☞"Peter, are you into the sweetmeats again?" "No, marm; the sweetmeats are into me!"

☞M. Raphael Felix has built a monumental chapel above the tomb which contains the mortal remains of his sister Rachel at Cannet, in the neighborhood of Cannes. On the facade of this chapel are copies, in marble, of the three crowns offered to Rachel by the managers and actors of the French theatre, by the city of Lyons and by Mlle. Dorval, all three of which are of solid gold, the second being enriched with precious stones. Theatrical emblems and garlands of flowers adorn the exterior walls, and on either side of the door are baskets carved in marble and filled with living flowers. The interior is fitted up with tables fixed to the walls and tablets let into the panels, destined to receive inscriptions. The tomb contains niches for nine other coffins. One of these has already received the remains of Rebecca, Rachel's favorite sister, who lies beside her.

A SUIT AGAINST RAREY.—An action for $100,000 damages has been commenced in the Supreme Court by Denton Offut, of New Orleans, against John S. Rarey, the famous horse tamer, for an alleged violation of a contract. Mr. Offut claims that he is the originator of this system of horse taming, and that in the year 1850 he taught it to Rarey, who bound himself in the penalty of $50 for each case in which he should impart the secret to any other person; that he gave Rarey a book of the system, which he (Rarey) has since republished, and has further violated the contract by imparting the secret of the system to divers persons in Europe and in the United States.

A PULPIT ANECDOTE.—Some days since we chanced to be in company with several divines, who were relating numerous amusing anecdotes of the pulpit. Among others the following struck our fancy as one deserving of record:

"I was," said the reverend gentleman, "attending divine service in Norfolk several years ago, during a season of some excitement.—While the person officiating was in the midst of a most interesting discussion, an old lady among the congregation arose, clapped her hands and exclaimed, "Merciful Father, if I had one more feather in my wing of faith, I would fly off to glory!" The worthy gentleman who was interrupted, immediately replied, "Good Lord, stick it in and *let her* go, she's but a trouble here." That quieted the old lady.

☞In Portland, Oregon, there is a man who lived with his wife several years, and they had several children. At last she got tired of him and proposed that they should get a divorce.—He said he had no objection, if she would support him. She agreed to do so, and they were divorced. She is now married to another man and supports her former husband by retaining him in the family as a servant.

☞A schoolma'm in one of our district schools was examining a class in orthography. "Spell and define floweret," she said. "F-l-o-w-e-r-e-t, floweret, a little flower," went off a tow head in a perfect streak. "Wavelet." "W-a-v-e-l-e-t, wavelet, a little wave," was the prompt return. "Bullet." "B-u-l-l-e-t, a little bull," shouted urchin number three, who was innocence personified.

☞An Irishman was requested by a lady, notorious for her parsimonious and niggardly habits, to do for her some handiwork. The job was performed to her complete satisfaction.

"Pat," said the old miser, "I must treat you."

"God bless your honor, madam," replied Pat.

"Which would you prefer, a glass of porter or a tumbler of punch?"

"I don't wish to be troublesome, madam," said the Hibernian turning around and winking at the thin-ribbed butler, "but I'll take the one while you are making the other."

☞Patrick McFinagan, with a wheelbarrow, ran a race with a locomotive; as the latter went out of sight, Mac observed, "Aff wid ye, ye rearin blaggard, or I'll be afther runnin into yees!"

☞An impudent anonymous correspondent, signing himself "Ned Bucket," expresses the wish that we were dead. Very well—let him show himself in person, and we pledge ourselves to "kick the bucket."

PLAIN.—A colored divine, in speaking of a reformed infidel, wound up his description thus:—"De last word dat dis dying man was heerd to say; de last word he was known to speak; de last syllable he eber breaved; de last word he was noticed to utter: de last idea he eber ejaculated—yes, my bredern, de very last word he eber was known to breave forth, sound or articulate was—G-L-O-R-Y.

☞A minister had a quarrel with one of his parishioners by the name of Hardy, who showed considerable resentment. On the succeeding Sunday the divine preached from the following text, which he pronounced with great emphasis, and with a significant look at Hardy, who was present:—"There is no fool like the fool Hardy."

☞There is a man in Greenbush—says the Troy *News*—who believes in rotation of crops. One year he raises nothing; the next year weeds.

☞A man without hands has been arrested in Wheeling, Va., charged with stealing horses in Pennsylvania, and taking and selling them in that city.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

—BEDFORD, Pa.—

FRIDAY:::::::::::::::::::: FEB. 22, 1861.

B. F. Meyers, Editor and Proprietor

Religious Notice.

The sacrament of the Lord's supper, will be administered in the Presbyterian church of this place, on next Sabbath. The pastor expects the assistance of the Rev. John C. Thom, of Waynesburg.

Gems from Lincoln.

The President elect, Mr. LINCOLN, is at present engaged in travelling about from place to place, hob-nobbing with the leaders of his party and making speeches notable for nothing but their bad rhetoric and lack of ideas. At a demonstration made in his honor at Pittsburg, on his arrival in that city, he opened his speech with the following language:

Mayor Wilson and citizens of Pennsylvania—I most cordially thank his honor, Mayor Wilson, and the citizens of Pittsburg generally, for this flattering reception. It is the more greatful because I know that while it is not given me alone, *but to the cause I represent*, yet it is given under circumstances that clearly prove to me that there *is good-will and sincere feeling* at the bottom of it.

We have been taught, not only by the dictates of propriety and the spirit of the Constitution, but by the clamor of Mr. Lincoln's own friends against what they denominated Mr. BUCHANAN'S partizanship, that when a citizen of the United States is elevated to the office of the Chief Magistracy, he should sink the partizan in the President and bury politics in an enlarged and liberal patriotism. Having been thus indoctrinated, is it strange that we should feel like complaining of the language used by the new President in the above extract from his Pittsburg speech? Is it not highly improper in the President of the United States to declare himself as representing a certain *cause*, or theory, or scheme? Rather should he not, on an occasion like that on which he used the above quoted language, speak of himself as the representative of the *whole* people of the Union, for whose welfare his whole heart should beat and his whole soul aspire, without any difference as to the political *causes* which they may have individually espoused?

But Mr. Lincoln's grammar is still worse than his appreciation of the dignity of his position. He talks in the above paragraph, as though a *reception* had been given to his *cause*. This is the first time in the history of the world that a *cause* has received a reception. Pray, Mr. Lincoln, did the *cause* take dinner at Pittsburg? Did it have a free pass on the cars?—Whence did it come and whither did it go?—We believe it did not make any speeches. Its silence showed much better sense on its part, than was exhibited in the ¡garulous loqua city of its representative. Perhaps Mr. Lincoln hints at a personification of his *cause*. Perhaps he means the "everlasting ebony." In that case we doubt not his *cause* had a reception at Pittsburgh But Mr. Lincoln says that this reception "is given under circumstances that clearly prove that there *IS good will and sincere feeling at the bottom of it.*" Mr. Lincoln has a royal disdain for such unnecessary formalities in language as having plural verbs agreeing with plural nominatives. No such rule as that can be found in the Chicago Platform, and why, therefore, should he observe it?

Again, in the same speech, Mr. Lincoln said:

It is naturally expected that I should say something upon this subject; but if I touch upon it at all it would involve an elaborate discussion. *The great number of questions and circumstances* would require more time than I can at present command, and I would perhaps unnecessarily commit myself upon matters which have not yet fully developed themselves. (Immense cheering and cries of "Good," "Thats right."

"The great number of the questions and circumstances!" A singular expression, truly! Mr. Lincoln speaks of a single subject, and then excuses himself from expressing his opinions on that subject, because it involves a "great number of questions and circumstances." A *subject* that may be discussed is a *question*—a single question—not forty thousand questions. The subject Mr. Lincoln referred to, is the question of the dissolution of the Union. It has no circumstances save its *pros* and *cons*.—It has no collateral issues. The whole heart of the American people is wrapped up in the determination of that question. It has no circumstances which effect its solution, save those of peace, or war. In other words, there are peaceful plans and warlike plans proposed for its settlement. Why could not Mr. Lincoln have given us his decision as to which he will adopt? It was not expected of him that he should make a philosophical argument on the subject, but if the time has not come for all men, from the President down to the lowliest laborer, to speak out for their country, then it will never come. But we can expect nothing better from Abraham Lincoln, either in English Grammar, or in American Statesmanship.

Where Mr. Fillmore Stands.

Ex-President FILLMORE was elected a delegate to the Democratic State Convention of New York, recently held at Albany. Like all conservative men, Mr. Filkmore could no longer find congenial spirits in any other than the Democratic organization. It does our heart good to be once more acting, not only so far as general results are concerned, but in the same party, side by side, as it were, with the man whom we once delighted to honor as a patriotic and Constitution-loving President. Millard Fillmore is a true man, and deserves in his retirement, the esteem which he won as the Chief Executive of the nation.

☞Absent—the Editor, saving the country at Harrisburg.

Local and Miscellaneous.

....COURT PROCEEDINGS.—The following is an abstract of the business disposed of during the late term of Court.

Commonwealth Business.

Commonwealth vs. Jacob Hysung. For. & Bas. Recognizance forfeited and process on indictment ordered and issued. Nol. Pros. entered on payment of costs.

Commonwealth vs. W. Cartwright. For. & Bas. True Bill filed.

Commonwealth vs. David Moses. Same as last case.

Commonwealth vs. Daniel Miller, Jr. For. & Bas. Bail entered for appearance at next term.

Commonwealth vs. W. Hemming. Kidnapping. Continued.

Commonwealth vs. H. G. Hammer & G. Hammer. Surety of the Peace. Recognizance forfeited to be respited on Defendant's appearance at next term.

Commonwealth vs. Lucy Swoveling & Mary Ann Baker. Assault and Battery. Verdict Guilty, and Deft's. to pay a fine of one dollar and costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. A. Shafer. For. & Bas. True bill.

Commonwealth vs. N. Norris. Larceny.—Verdict, Guilty. Sentence to pay a fine of one cent, the costs of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment in the County Jail for four months and at the end of that time to be taken to the Poor House by the Sheriff.

Commonwealth vs. Geo. C. Flickinger. Indictment for obtaining goods under false pretenses. Bail entered for appearance at next term.

Commonwealth vs. John Fickes, of John.—For. & Bas. Nol. pros. on payment of costs by Def't.

Commonwealth vs. Rebecca Amick. Larceny. Verdict, Not Guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Jas. Gibbons & Levi Smith. Burglary. Deft's. plead guilty. Sentence, to pay costs of prosecution, to return the property stolen, and to undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary, for the period of six months.

Commonwealth vs. W. Stuckey. Assault and Battery. Verdict, Guilty of Assault. Sentence, to pay a fine of five dollars, and costs of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. Geo. Penner. Indictment for attempting to rescue prisoner from Constable. Nol. pros. on payment of costs by Defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Smith. Assault and Battery. Two cases. Not true bill in either.

Civil Business.

Jon. Carothers vs. Simon Nycum, Adm'r. of Alex. George. No. 112 May Term, 1854.—Judgment opened and Defendant let into defence. Jury find for Defendant.

John Folk, use of H. Heft, vs. Thos. Kinser, with notice to Mary Kinser. Sci. Fa. Def't. confesses judgment.

W. E. Clark vs. David Brallier. Summons case. Jury find for Plaintiff the sum of $115.41.

Lem. Evans, Adm'r. of Wm. Anderson, vs. H. Easton, H. King and John Scott. No. 218 May Term, 1858. Debt Sans Breve. Verdict for the Pl'ff. for $115.88.

G. D. Trout's use vs. Gideon Hitchew. Attachment. Verdict for Def't.

Com. of Penn., use of McLanahan & others, vs. A. J. Snively. Summons in debt in official recognizance. Jury find for Pl'ff's.

Central Bank of Penn. vs. F. D. Beegle and M. McIlwaine. Jury find for Pl'ff. the sum of $178.48.

John Hoenstine vs. Adam Bush. No. 18 August Term, 1858. Judgment opened. Jury find for def't.

....Legislatures and County authorities have a decided *penchant* for saving at the spigot and wasting at the bung-hole. For instance our Legislature stands ready to make millions of appropriations for purposes of doubtful expediency, but when it comes to setting apart a few thousands for the purpose of familiarizing the people of the Commonwealth with the laws under which they live, our legislative Solons deem the expense useless and extravagant. In our opinion the Legislature of Pennsylvania could do itself no greater credit for foresight and sagacity, than by passing an act for the publication of the Criminal Code in two newspapers in each county. There is not the least doubt that such an act would do more to prevent crime than all the legislation against it whilst the masses are ignorant of such legislation.

....MORE LAWYERS.—On Thursday morning of Court week, our friends John Palmer and G. W. Householder, Esqs., were admitted to the practice of the law in the several courts of this county. We are informed that they both passed a very creditable examination.—On Thursday evening they gave (in connection with Judge DAUGHERTY, whose admission was noticed in our last) a splendid banquet to their friends, at the Washington House, when and where there was much hilarity and merriment, such as the making of speeches, singing of songs, etc., etc. These new "limbs of the law" have our best wishes for their success in a profession whose "glorious uncertainty" has justly become proverbial.

...The Uniontown "Genius of Liberty," the old organ of the Democracy of Fayette county, has been sold by its late proprietor, Mr. C. E. Boyle, to Col. E. G. Roddy, of that county. The outgoing, and newly installed editors both have our best wishes. We are well acquainted with Col. Roddy and know him to be able to produce a readeable and interesting journal.

....The two persons who entered the Catholic Church in this place, a short time ago, and took there from a silver plate, and who also took some articles of clothing from the Bedford Hotel, as mentioned in our issue of week before last, were arrested on Dry Ridge, shortly after the discovery of the theft, and were brought to this place and lodged in jail. At the recent term of Court they plead guilty, and were sentenced to six months imprisonment in the Penitentiary. Their names are James Gibbons and Levi Smith.

☞The House of Representatives at Harrisburg, passed on Saturday last, the Sunburry and Erie Railroad bill, by a vote of 72 to 26. The bill for the commulatin of the Tonnage Duties on the Pennsylvania Railroad, also passed the same body, by a vote of 60 to 38.

☞We have for sale a Scholarship in the Iron City Commercial College at Pittsburg.—Persons wishing to invest must call soon.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

A DIFFICULTY BETWEEN TWO WESTERN MEN.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

The Guthrie Adjustment.

Views of Stephens, of Georgia.

[Special Despatch to the Bulletin.]

WASHINGTON, 16.—A collision occured at about 11 o'clock last night, between Hon. Mr. Kellog, of Illinois, and Mr. Medill, correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune*, at the National Hotel.

The collision was caused by some recent comments in the *Tribune*, by Mr. Medill, in reference to the course of Mr. Kellogg, Mr. K. knocked Medill down and was proceeding with further violent measures, when the crowd rushed in and pulled Kellogg off. The affair has not been settled as yet.

The Peace Conference had the plan of Mr. Guthrie, of Kentucky, before them to-day.

Hon. David Wilmot, of Pennsylvania representing the radical Republican views, opposed this adjustment; it was also opposed by the extreme men from the Border Slave States.

There are, however, hopes that a majority of the Commissioners are in favor of the plan, and the prospect of its adoption seems clear.

Mr. Lincoln's declaration at Pittsburg that the crisis in the Southern States is purely artificial and the work of politicians, is the theme of much comment here to-day.

Some of the Republicans are disposed to compromise on the Morrill Tarriff bill, by according to the demands of the New York Chamber of Commerce in reference to the warehousing system.

The Hon. A. H. Stephens, of Georgia, Vice President of the Cotton Confederacy in name, though his heart is left behind in the Union, has written letters here stating that hope of the reconstruction of the Government must be abandoned. It is thought that Mr. Stephens is too much depressed just now.

Information received here from Montgomery, Alabama, states that the question of the occupancy of Fort Sumter, has been considered by the Cotton Congress, in secret session.

All of the South Carolina delegates favored a speedy determination of the matter, while the rest of the Congress favored delay on the ground that the matter could be settled by a minister to Washington, accredited by the Cotton Confederacy.

Hon. Jefferson Davis arrived at Montgomery to-day.

There is no truth in the statement that reinforcements have been ordered for Fort Pickens by the Federal Government.

The joint committee of conference appointed by the Senate and House, agreed to-day to report against the Chiriqui contract, thus defeating this scheme.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

PRESSURE FOR AN ADJUSTMENT FROM VIRGINIA.

[Special Despatch to the Bulletin.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The pressure on the Peace Conference in favor of some adjustment satisfactory to the Middle States, increases.—The Hon. Sherrard Clemens, one of the strongest Union men in Virginia, and the representative in the State Convention from the Pan Handle District, which went almost unanimously for Union, telegraphs from Richmond that some immediate action should be taken by the Peace Conference, to satisfy the conservative sentiment of the "Old Dominion," and to aid in keeping down the secession elements, which are gaining strength at Richmond.

The President has informed several Democratic Senators that he will veto any measure which he deems partaking of the character of "coertion."

MOVEMENTS OF MR. LINCOLN.

UTICA, N. Y, Feb. 18.—Mr. Lincoln and party left Buffalo before six o'clock this morning. He was escorted to the depot by the military and several hundred citizens. Horace Greeley and others joined the party.

☞The President Elect left Springfield, Ill., last Monday, on his way to Washington. He reached Pittsburgh on Thursday night, and tarried there yesterday. He travels slowly, and makes frequent stoppages on his route. He has made short speeches at several places, which are distinguished for nothing but their bad rhetoric and indefiniteness. They are very much of the "now you see it and now you don't see it" order—at one time seeming to foreshadow conciliation and peace, and at another coercion and war. At Pittsburgh yesterday, he expressed the idea that "notwithstanding the troubles across the river (pointing southwardly to the Monongahela and smiling,) there is really no crisis, except an artificial one," and concluded with the sage advice to the people on both sides "to keep cool." Statesmanlike, that—very! He apologized for not speaking upon the present distracted state of the country, by saying that, if he did so, "he would perhaps unnesarily commit himself upon matters which have not yet fully developed themselves."

Mr. Lincoln has accepted the invitation of the Pennsylvania Legislature, to visit Harrisburg on the 22d, and attend the celebration in honor of the raising of a National Flag on the dome of the Capitol, which is to be signalized by a grand civic and military display. The military arrangements are under the direction of Gen. William H. Keim.—*Reading Gazette.*

The Banks in New York are now nearly glutted with specie. They now hold $36,000,000 with a prospect of a future increase.

MR. LINCOLN ON MAJORITIES.—In one of his recent remarkable speeches the President elect has stated that a majority of the people voted in favor of the Chicago platform. This is not the truth. A majority of the electoral votes endorse the Chicago resolutions, but they are in a minority of a million of voices in the nation. Mr. Lincoln must be careful in his statements, or else keep quiet. He is not now stumping the benighted districts of Illinois, or defending the plunderer of a henroost; he is in a position where the utmost care, prudence and circumspection are absolutely required. The President elect certainly should not endorse partizan tricks which involve a wilful deviation from the facts in the case. The figures have been printed over and over again, and no man who can read, or procure some friend to read for him, should be uninformed as to the popular, vote, which, as we have said, was against the Chicago platform.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE SPEECHES OF OLD ABE.—We have never read such speeches as those made by Old Abe on his journey from Springfield towards the White House since General Scott ran for President; and then, indeed, we were regaled with some choice oratorical morsels. It is quite refreshing to hear the ex-rail splitter and present journeyman Cabinet maker delighting his audience with such choice and original expressions as "passional attraction," and quaint allusions to "free love" and homeopathy. We expect to be very much amused when the angular features of the elect of his people make their appearance in New York. What we want is a good anecdote, and we hope the natural modesty of Mr. Buchanan's successor will not prevent his giving us the desired treat.—*N. Y. Herald.*

There really seems to be a slight difference growing up between the Republican magnates. The N. Y. Courier flatly says that—

"Greeley and Garrison—The Tribune and Liberator—looks upon disunion as a blessing, if in its train it brings servile insurrection and the abolition of slavery; but not so Mr. Lincoln or Mr. Seward, or Mr. Weed, or ourselves, or the hundreds of thousands of Union-loving and law-abiding Republicans, who though opposed to slavery extension and determined never to become propagandists of the institution, still recognize the fact, that it has rights under the Constitution."

But how is this? Hon. Massa Greeley claims Lincoln as his great Pan Jandrum, and says he will stand firm against Weed & Co!

The way in which the New York Courier and Enquirer pitches into the New York Tribune, both Republicans of the first water, is just this. The Courier says to the Tribune—

"Expediency, the sacrifice of principles, and compromise, were all legitimate according to the Tribune, when necessary for obtaining power and dispensing patronage; but not to be thought of, tolerated, or resorted to, for the nobler purposes of conciliating the moderate men of the border States, and thereby preserving the Constitution and the Union without bloodshed."

THE RUMORED INVASION OF WASHINGTON.—The House Committee of five, instructed to investigate the charges of a contemplated invasion of Washington, reported on Thursday.—The report states that there is no sufficient proof of the existence of a plot to seize the public property at present. Mr. Branch, from the same committee, moved a resolution calling for the withdrawal of the troops from the city, as necessary to the free and untrammeled action of Congress, and the preservation of civil liberty. A sharp debate arose, which ended in the laying of Mr. Branch's resolution on the table, by a vote of 125 yeas to 25 nays.

RESIGNATIONS OF ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS.—Since the secession movement commenced resignations in the army and navy have been plentiful. In the army two lieutenant colonels, two majors, eight captains, ten lieutenants and four cadets have resigned. In the navy three captains, three commanders, three pursers, two surgeons and two assistants, sixteen lieutenants, three masters, four midshipmen and twenty acting midshipmen, have retired from the service, believing that their first allegiance is due to the soil upon which they were born, and that they cannot under any circumstances draw the sword against the South.

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.—Perhaps no similar institution in this country is more extensive or more favorably known than this; the teachers have long enjoyed enviable reputations; the course of study is full and comprehensive. Upward of five hundred young men are now engaged in active business, in the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny alone, who have graduated at this College within the past four years, more than treble the number from any other School in the country, in the same time.

The Democracy of the North are for the Union. They are for the Union as established by the Constitution. They are for the Union on the grounds of equity and justice to all its various sections. They have been fighting for the Union on these grounds for the last twenty-five years. They have been fighting the Black Republican party, that just so surely as they persisted in the crusade they were carrying on against the South, just surely would disunion come. Thus have the Democracy of the North shown their devotion to the Union. *Patriot & Union.*

NAVAL.—The United States revenue cutter Harriet Lane is to be temporarily converted into a man-of-war. She is now at the Brooklyn navy-yarn, to receeive a new and formidable armament. Four 34 cwt. guns, one 12 pound howitzer, and a quantity of shot and shell, will be put on board. It is said that a marine guard is to be detailed for her immediately. The storeship Supply is ordered to the Florida coast, with stores and provisions for the home squadron. The Mississippi, at Boston, is ready for sea. Letters for the Brooklyn, Macedonian, Wyandotte, St. Louis and Sabine, will be forwarded by the Supply, if left at the Brooklyn Naval Lyceum, without expense.

☞The St. Louis Republican of the 7, gives the particulars, obtained from private sources of the murder of Mr. Carey, an inoffensive citizen of Brownsville, Missouri, committed on the road to Knok Noster. Mr. Carey formerly resided in Kansas, where he took sides strongly against Montgomery, and his murder is attributed to a member of that desperado's gang.

Phelan, of New York, is about to give another billiard tournament, and a champion billiard table, worth $1,000, will be the price.

THRILLING WORKS. Just issued from the Mammoth Publishing House and Original Gift Book Establishment of GEORGE G. EVANS, 439 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. "Liberty and Union, now and Forever, One and Inseperable, one Country, one Constitution, one Destiny!" The Union Text Book!—A work demanded by the times, containing selections from the writings of that unflinching statesman and true patriot. *Daniel Webster.*

Also, the declaration of Independence; the Constitution of the United States; and Washing's Farewell Address, with copious indexes.

For the higher classes of educational institutions and for home reading. Large 12mo, with a beautiful steel portrait of Webster. Price, $1.00. Accompanied with a handsome gift, worth from 50 cents to $100.

"The Union Text Book," is a volume of powerful interest for the present times. Its subject, its authors, its style, accuracy and fullness entitle it to universal acceptance. Every farmer should have it. Every merchant should have it. Every mechanic should have it.—Every lawyer, physician, politician and patriot should have it! In fact, everybody, whether man, woman or child—whether of the North, South, East or West, should send for a copy of this one of the most needed and acceptable book ever submitted to the notice of the American public,

☞The presentation of the Constitutional Text Book to the people of the United States, certainly needs no apology, for it contains the fundamental law of our nation, with an introduction selected from the writings of him who has justly been termed the "Expounder and Defender of the Constitution." In making the selections from the writings of Mr. Webster, great care has been taken to select such parts as may be considered National, and which will tend to strengthen the opinions of the old, and to impress the young with a love of country, a veneration for the Constitution. A respect for the memory of the great and good men who funded our Republic; and who passed away, a fervent attachment to the Union, to Liberty, to Peace to Order and to Law, and Religion. As a class book, this volume is most valuable, and when used as such, the instructer will readily find in the indexes suggestions for all the questions necessary to be asked, and the answers of the students should always be in the exact words of the text. Address all orders to George G. Evans, Publisher, 439 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

NOW READY. The Romance of the Revolution.

A volume that will thrill the soul of every true son of liberty. Being a history of the personal adventures, romantic incidents and exploits incidental to the War of Independence. Superbly illustrated. Large 12mo. Price $1.25, accompanied with a beautiful gift, worth 50 cents to $100.

"The Romance of the Revolution," is a work that should be found at the fireside of every American Freeman! It is peculiarly acceptable at the present juncture in our national affairs, portraying as it does, the remarkable heroism, the noble impulses, and the wisdom and sterling integrity of the immortal Washington and his gallant compatriots, while struggling for the achievement of our national independence, in those "times that tried men's souls," the days of '76.

A copy of either of the above mentioned works, together with a handsome present, ranging in value from 50 cents to $100.00 will be sent to any person in the United States who will remit us the price, and 21 cents additional for postage. Bear in mind that to every purchaser of a Book to the amount of $1 or more, we give a choice gift, selected from an extensive and varied assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Plated Ware Jewelry, Silk Dress Patterns, etc., all of the newest styles and best manufacture, worth not less than 50 cts., and possibly $100.

Agents wanted everywhere. Send for a complete classified catalogue, of our own and other's publications, which will be mailed to you free of expense, make your selections, and be convinced that the most liberal, reliable and enterprising establishment in the country to buy books at the original and popular gift book emporium of George G. Evans, 439 Chestnut Street, Phil'a.

STRAPPING UP THE HEAD FOR A SNOOZE.—The latest invention is a sleeping car cap.—It consists of a small velvet or cloth skull cap, ornamented according to the taste of the wearer, with a couple of long straps attached to each side of the cap. When the traveler becomes wearied or sleepy, he or she puts on the cap and attaches the straps, by means of brass hooks, to the back of the seat next forward of the traveler, and then leans back composedly, the head supported by the cap and braces and sleeps as comfortably as if reposing in bed.

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT IN NEW MEXICO.—The Legislature of New Mexico had passed act for the election of delegates to form a State Constitution, which is to be held in May next. The delegates are to meet in June to discharge the duties which will be imposed upon them, and the Constitution they form is afterwards to be submitted to the people, for ratification or rejection, at a general election to be held in September.

DESTRUCTIVE FRESHETS.—A large number of our exchanges bring details of the late freshets, which seem to have visited many places, both at the North and at the South. The Albany, N. Y., papers estimate the damage occasioned by the freshet at that city at $100,000. The Troy papers set down their loss at about $10,000. The water in the North river, at Albany has rapidly receded during the last two days.

A COMPLIMENT TO FANNY FERN FROM A. T. STEWART.—We learn from the Rev. Mr. Field editor of the Evangelist, that A. T. Stewart, the great merchant prince, was recently so delighted with one of Fanny Fern's articles, that he inquired where she resided, in order that he might send her one of the best silk dresses in his store. This is certainly a compliment that the authoress may well be proud of.—*N. Y. Paper.*

COLONEL JUDGE, of Alabama, has called on President Buchanan, with a view of entering into negotiations for the transfer of the United States forts and other government property in Alabama to the government of that State. The President, however, declines to recognize him in an official capacity.

THE Second Adventists have finally agreed upon a time when earthly doings shall be wound up. It is stated to be about the 4th of March next, or a few days thereafter; a great deal depending on the course Lincoln pursues in the administration affairs.

REMITTANCES TO IRELAND.—During the nine months ending the first of February the servant girls of Cincinnati sent to their parents and friend in Europe the sum of $64,900.—The remittances vary in size, ranging from $3 to $25.

OPPOSED TO ALL COMPROMISES.—The N. Y. *Tribune* of Monday says: "A friend who has just had a prolonged and confidential interview with Mr. Lincoln, at Springfield, writes us that Mr. L., "is invariably opposed to all compromises, no matter in what tense."

DISEASES OF THE LIVER.—You may always know when your liver is out of order, or when you are what is called bilious, by any of the following symptoms; pain in the side and back, dizziness, dull headache, a bad taste in mouth in the morning, sallow colored complexion, yellowish tint in the eyes, costiveness, or diarrhœa of slimy dark color, low spirit and dismal forebodings. It is acknowledged by all physicians and others who have seen their action, that JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS are a perfect cure for all bilious affections. So pleasantly do they search out and drive away the seeds of disease, that all persons living in a country where Fever and Ague, and all other bilious diseases are prevalent, will find they should never be without them. From two to four Pills each night on going to bed, will in a short time drive away the sickly yellow look of bilious persons, and bring to their cheeks a beautiful glow of perfect health.

JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS ARE SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

Markets.

Wednesday, Feb, 20th.—The Flour market continues very dull but supplies come forward slowly, and notwithstanding the limited inquiry both for export and home consumption, prices remain without quotable change. The sales reported for shipment are a few hundred barrels at $5 per barrel, at which figure it is very freely offered, 500 barrels extra at $5 25 and 1100 barrels Penn'a., extra family at $5 50, 500 do. City Mills do. $6. The sales the retailers and bakers range from $5 to $5 37½ for common and extra brands, $5 44 and 6 for extra family, and $6 12½ and 6 50 for fancy lots according to quality. Rye Flour is selling in a small way at $3 50 and 3 62½. Penn'a. Corn Meal is held at $2 87½ per barrel, but there is no inquiry for it at this figure.

Grain—Wheat is dull at Saturday's quotations, but there is not much coming forward; sales of 1000 bushels fair and prime Penn'a. and Western Red at $1 24 and 1 27 per bushel.—White ranges from $1 32 to $1 40. There is less Rye offering; small sales of Penn'a. at 67 and 68 cents; Southern is worth 63 and 64 cents. Corn is in firm demand and prices rather firmer. Sales of 3000 bushels, including new yellow at 57 and 59 cents—afloat at the latter figure; old do. at 65 cents, and new White at 58 cents. Oats are steady at 33 cents per bushel for Penn'a., and 31 cents for Delaware. 500 bushels Winter Barley sold at 72 cents, and 1000 bushels Penn'a., at 70 cents. Barley Malt ranges from 85 to 95 cents.

Cloverseed of medium and poor quality is plenty and dull, while strictly prime lots are scarce and wanted. Sales of 400 bushels fair and good at $4 50 and 4 65 per 64 lbs, including 100 bags prime, from second hands, at $5, and 50 bags do. at 8 cents per lb. No change in Timothy and Flaxseed. The former is worth $2 25 and 2 37½, and the latter $1 43 per bushel.

In Groceries there is but little change; sales of Rio Coffee—which is in fair demand, at 12½ and 13 cents, four months. Sugar and Molasses are dull.

The Provision market is dull. Mess Pork is held at $18 25 per barrel. Bacon is moving off in lots at 11 and 12½ centi for Hams; 10½ cents for Sides, and 8½ cents for Shoulders. In green meats no change. Lard is steady at 10½ cents, cash, in barrels, and 11 cents in kegs. 5000 lbs solid packed Butter sold at 10 cents.

Whiskey is unchanged. Sales of Ohio bbls. at 18 cents; Penn'a. do. at 17½ cents; hhds. at 17½ cents, and Drudge at 17 cents.

—MARRIED—

SIGAFOOS—POTTS.—On Sunday evening the 17th inst., by the Rev. S. Barnes, Rev. George Sigafoos and Mrs. Sarah E. Potts, all of Bedford.

☞Accompanying the above notice, was the bright and cheering medallion of Uncle Sam stamped in gold, and surmounted by the words, "ONE DOLLAR." Long may the happy couple live to enjoy the manifold blisses of wedded life.

—DIED—

FORGUSON.—On the 8th of January, ult., Isaac Forguson, aged 18 years, 4 months and 14 days.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY 23d MARCH, NEXT,

the following described real estate:

Purpart "A," containing 55 acres 56 perches nett, being the one third part thereof, adjoining lands of Jacob Snider, Frederick Stoler and others.

Part "B," containing 47 acres and 128 perches, nett measure, adjoining lands of Sam'l. Burger, Jacob Working and others.

Purpart "C," containing 212 acres, nett measure, adjoining lands of D. Snowberger, Martin Miller and others, and

Purpart "D," containing 128 acres and 41 perches nett measure, adjoining lands of Fred. Stoler, A. Eversole and others: all situated in Middle Woodbury Township, Bedford County.

Being the Real estate of Dr. Wm. W. Reed, dec'd., lately appraised under proceedings in Partition.

TERMS: One third at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments without interest.

AARON REED,
Executor.

Feb. 22d, '61. 4t.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the subscriber, are hereby notified to call and settle their accounts before the first of April next, or they will be left in the hands of a Justice for collection.

SARAH E. POTTS.

Feb. 22d, '61.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY 23d MARCH, NEXT,

the following described real estate:

Purpart "A," containing 55 acres 56 perches nett, being the one third part thereof, adjoining lands of Jacob Snider, Frederick Stoler and others.

Part "B," containing 47 acres and 128 perches, nett measure, adjoining lands of Sam'l. Burger, Jacob Working and others.

Purpart "C," containing 212 acres, nett measure, adjoining lands of D. Snowberger, Martin Miller and others, and

Purpart "D," containing 128 acres and 41 perches nett measure, adjoining lands of Fred. Stoler, A. Eversole and others: all situated in Middle Woodbury Township, Bedford County.

Being the Real estate of Dr. Wm. W. Reed, dec'd., lately appraised under proceedings in Partition.

TERMS: One third at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments without interest.

AARON REED,
Executor.

Feb. 22d, '61. 4t.

LIST OF LETTERS—

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE at Bedford Pa.

Alex E L
Anderson Gelaspa
Albright Geo
Arndt J
Berkstresser D S
Baldwin Jno
Betson Rebecca
Bannon M
Barnhart R & Co
Bunt M
Butterworth H S
Bryon Robert
Bryon Louisa Miss
Chullburn M A Mrs
Claycomb J
Carnel Mary Miss
Clutz J
Durham A
Evans P
Fagan John
Fadder William
Farrey John P
Gillespie M
Gavin Francis
Gasnel Jennie
Graham James
Hofius J H jr—2
Hess Rebecca J Miss
Hanna Joseph
Hanlin H H
Hemple P
Hofius
Hallim J R
Hall W
Kembra G W
Krone M
Klule Mag Miss
Myers W H
Manspeaker Dan'l.
Megahan Jas
Mair P
Martin Jno G
Patterson Susan
Nulty M J
Robinson J R
Rine Abraham
Sroves William
Sherley J O
Shorey Samuel
Strouse Elizabeth
Shenefelt
Stouffer C
Weael Noah
Whisel Harrison
Weimert Stephen
Varton P W

JOHN A. MOWRY, P. M.

Feb. 22, 1861.–57t.

STRAY BULL.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber residing in Hopewell tp., Bedford County, about the first day of November last, a red bull, with white face, both ears marked, supposed to be about 2 years and a half old, The owner is requested to prove his property and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

Feb. 22d. * SAMUEL DAVIS

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Alfred S. Over, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber living in Middle Woodberry tp., all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CYRUS S. OVER,

Feb. 22d, '61.

PUBLIC SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer for sale at Public Vendue, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, THE 8th DAY OF MARCH

next, the following described Valuable Real Estate, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, adjoining land of Bernard Claybaugh, William Cornell, John Fletcher and Leonard Nycum, CONTAINING 254 ACRES, about 130 acres cleared, about 6 acres of which are good meadow, balance in high state of cultivation. The improvements are a two story Plank House, a double Log Barn, Wagon Shed, and other out-buildings. The purchaser can have possession on the 1st of April, 1861. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day, when the terms will be made known by

JOHN NYCUM,
Adm'r. of Wm. Nycum, dec'd.

Feb. 15th, '61.

STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company, for the year ending 2d January, 1861.

To Balance at Settlement, 2d Jan. '60.	$97.20
" am't., of tolls collected during the year,	1573.16
	$1.670.36
By am't. of Expenses during the year,	$1.622.39
Balance in the Treasury.	47.97
	$1.670.36

No dividend made.

PETER SCHELL,
Feb. 15th, 61. Treas'r.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby notified, not to interfere with, molest, or disturb, remove or take away one grey mare, harness, and wagon, a bagatelle table, and apparatus for manufacturing Mineral water, the bottles, boxes, barrels, machinery, tools and instruments, and every thing thereto belonging, now in the possession of John N. Munshower, in the Borough of Bedford. The above property belongs to me, and remains in his possession, by my consent and permission.

N. A. ELDER.

Mifflintown, Pa., Feb. 8th, '61.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Francis McGirr, late of Juniata Township, Bedford county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Bedford County, all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby notified to present the same properly authenticated for settlement. and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

OWEN McGIRR,
Administrator.
Feb. 15th, '61. Bedford Township.

ELECTION.—The Stockholders of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company are hereby notified, that the annual Election of the Company to elect Managers to conduct the affairs of the company, will be held at the house of James Frasher, in Schellsburg, on the first Monday of March next, between the hours of one and three o'clock, P. M.

PETER SCHELL,
Schellsburg, Feb., 15th, '61. Secretary.

ELECTION.—An Election for five Managers of the Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike road Company, will be held at the Public House of J. McDonald, in McConnellsburg, on Monday the 4th day of March next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

T. B. KENNEDY.
Chambersburg, Feb. 15th, '61. Pres't.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Mrs. Rebecca Shimer, late of Union township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH IMLER,
Feb, 8, 1861. Administrator

PUBLIC SALE of Valuable Personal property and Real Estate. There will be sold, at Public Sale, at the residence of the subscriber, in Juniata Township, Bedford county, on THURSDAY, 14th MARCH, next, the following property viz: Eight head of Horses and Colts, Thirty head of Cows and young Cattle, Fifteen head of Hogs, also Breeding-sows and Pigs, One Broad-wheeled Wagon, also one two horse Wagon, Two Buggies and one Stave and Shingle Machine. ALSO, Cooking Stoves, Sleds and Horse Gears, Meat Cutters, Rifle Guns, and a variety of Farming Utensils and other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at ten o'clock, A. M., of said day, when due attendance and a reasonable credit will be given by the undersigned. ALSO, at the same time and place, will be offered for sale, the valuable FARM and MILL PROPERTY, on which the Subscriber resides. Terms reasonable. Any person in want of a good property will do well to attend the Sale.

LEWIS N. FYAN.

Feb. 15th, '61.

SHETALND WOOL, all colors, at Dr. Harry's.
KEROSENE OIL, the best article, at Dr. Harry's.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES—

Of Bedford County for 1860.

WILLIAM SHAFER, ESQ., Treasurer of Bedford County in account with said County, from the 2nd day of January, 1860, to the 7th day of January, 1861.

TREASURER. DR.

To cash received of collectors :—

John B. Zook, Liberty	1857	$14 11
Solomon Steel, Hopewell	1858	10 00
John Morgoet, Cumb. Valley,	"	40 00
George F. Steel, Liberty	"	1 32
Michael Bone, Londonderry	"	34 87
Wm. Carnell, Monroe	"	81 11
Anthony Smith, Napier	"	20 00
William Kirk, St. Clair,	"	78 92
Jared Hanks, Southampton	"	31 00
John B. Fluke, S. Woodberry	"	4 95
Isaac Mengel, Bedford Bor.	1859	250 00
Michael Fetter " Tp.	"	662 67
Joseph Evans, Broad Top	"	140 00
Michael Diehl, Colerain	"	204 73
Jacob B. Anderson, Cumb. Val	"	198 57
David Miller, Harrison	"	158 12
William Young, Hopewell	"	133 03½
John Gillespie, Juniata	"	149 00
George Rhoads, Liberty	"	40 00
Levi Carpenter, Londonderry	"	181 25
Philip Snyder, Monre	"	107 76
Abram Blackburn, Napier	"	427 25
David Fore, Providence E.	"	117 00
Jacob Barndollar, Prov. W.	"	125 00
Jacob W. Miller, Schellsb'g bor	"	58 52
John W. Hoover, St. Clair	"	424 00
Adam Shafer, Snake Spring	"	93 60
John Bennett, Southampton	1859	245 64
John Fickes, Union	"	153 72
Geo. B. Holsinger, Woodb'y M.	"	556 79
Jacob S. Brumbaugh " S.	"	562 00
A. J. Sansom, Bedford Bor.	1860	282 02
M. Holderbaum " Tp	"	367 00
Samuel S. Fluke, Broad Top	"	72 85
Simon Stukey, Colerain	"	125 00
Samuel Boor, Cumb. Valley	"	236 00
Hugh Wertz, Harrison	"	80 00
Wm. Cypner, Hopewell	"	60 00
Leonard Bitner, Juniata	"	65 00
Isaac Kensinger, Liberty	"	90 00
John Wilhelm, Londonderry	"	140 00
Philip Felten, Monroe	"	162 00
Joseph Black, Napier	"	81 00
Wm. Lysinger, Prov. E.	"	75 00
Daniel Ritchey " W.	"	165 00
John Otto, Schellsburg	"	20 00
Jacob Berkheimer, St. Clair	"	280 00
Joseph Disbrow, Snake Spring	"	128 00
Philip Klingerman, South'ton	"	135 00
Abram Croyle, Union	"	71 05
Rudolph Hoover, Woodbury M.	"	261 00
Jacob S. Brumbaugh " S.	"	120 00
Amount received of Samuel Davis		$33 71
Wm. S. Fluke, jury funds		140 02
D. Shuck		1 40
M. M. Peebles, on estrays		3 93
Att'y. Mower on judgment against Fred Stiffler,		212 40
Amount on unseated lands		353 21
		$9131 62½

CR.

William Schafer, Treasurer of Bedford County, Cr. by amount of moneys paid to sundry persons on Drafts drawn by Commissioners as follows:

By amounts paid constables for returns, &c.,	$263 28
Election board and return judges	789 00
Road and bridge viewers	262 20
Assessments on insurance of county buildings	50 70
" " Damages on roads	48 00
Amount paid assessors	226 79
A. J. Baylor, late court crier	26 50
Levi Agnew, cleaning and attending Court House	25 70
Charles Merwine, for putting in cellar and chopping wood	65 00
Joshua Mower repairs to Court House	4 25
Mary Morris, scrubbing commissioner's office, &c.	15 00
John Lesig for spout stones	7 11
Henry Sellers, white washing Court room, &c.	14 00
A. B. Cramer, bill lumber for repairs to Court House	10 40
B. F. Harry, stationary	8 22
John Border, hobbles for prisoners	6 00
H. C. Reamer, oil and paints	9 28
For repairs to public buildings	18 77
D. B. Troutman holding inquest on dead body of man unknown	11 97
M. M. Peebles, holding inquest on body found dead	3 71
BY AMOUNT paid County Commissioner's as follows:	
C. Evans,	67 00
J. Beckley,	78 00
Wm. Pearson	62 00
J. Feightner,	13 00
	220 00
By amount paid Commissioner's for sale of Poor House property.	
O. E. Shannon	21 00
Joseph B. Noble	6 00
John Nycum	6 00
	33 00
John Mower, Esq., salary as attorney to Commissioners for '59 '60	100 00
Werner Herkens making cushins for settees in jury box	3 50
William S. Fluke, costs in Commonwealth case, and boarding prisoners	892 03
Reamer & Way, stationary	4 02
J. Charles Dicken, Esq., borrowed money and interest	636 60
Interest on money borrowed of sundry persons	438 00
Samuel Davis appropriation to Bedford County Agricultural Society,	100 00
For building and repairing bridges	320 76
F. C. Hutter, binding old Dockets for Prothonotary's office	42 25
William S. Haven, new Dockets for Prothonotary's office	27 40
S. H. Tate, Prothonotary's fees	183 71
State Treasurer on deficiency of assessment	752 57
Samuel Radebaugh, costs	3 72
Moneys refunded to collectors	82 39
" " " Simpson	44 18
O. H. Gaither auditing Prothonotary's account	18 00
G. H. Spang, costs in Commonwealth cases	42 00
J. Straver, costs in Commonwealth vs Thos. O. Mock	31 75
Supporting prisoner in Western Penitentiary	96 22
H. Nicodemus, services as clerk to commissioners	180 00
H. Nicodemus, costs in Commonwealth cases	34 22
B. F. Meyers, printing	273 50
David Over "	232 25
Premiums on fox scalps	315 89½
Petit jurors	906 23½
Grand "	387 95
Constables attending juries	95 00
Levi Agnew, court crier	45 00
Exonerations and escapes	248 50
Incurrent money of G. R. Holsiger	5 00
Treasurer's salary	185 00
Levi Agnew attending auditors	2 00
Miscellaneous	55 00
County auditors and clerk	70 00
Balance due county	161 78
	9131 62

STATEMENT of moneys due to the County of Bedford, on the 7th day of January, A. D., 1861.

Abram Snowden, Cumb. Val.	1854	$39 79
Jac. A. Nicodemus, M. Wood'by "		78 23
John Dasher, Hopewell	1850	60 56½
John A. Osborne, Broad Top	1857	79 90
James Smith, St. Clair	"	548 04
Lemuel Evans Broadtop	1858	227 08
John Morgret, Cumb. Valley	"	109 24
Solomon Steel, Hopewell	"	225 20
Jared Hanks, Southampton	"	37 23
Jacob A. Nicodemus, Woodb'y M	"	122 11
Isaac Mengel, Bedford Bor.	1859	91 83
Joseph Evans, Broadtop	"	167 47
J. B. Anderson, Cumb. Valley	"	83 01
David Miller, Harrison	"	44 48
Wm. Young, Hopewell	"	90 00
John Gillespie, Juniata	"	29 03
George Rhoads, Liberty	"	115 44
Levi Carpenter, Londonderry	"	74 72
Philip Snyder, Monroe	"	157 48
Ab. Blackburn, Napier	"	15 75
David Fore, East Providence	"	66 86
Jac Barndollar, W. Prov.	"	109 27
J. W. Miller, Schellsburg bor	"	16 15
John W. Hoover, St. Clair	"	17 56
John Fickes, Union	"	163 35
J. S. Brumbaugh, Wood'by S.	"	157 61
A. J. Sansom, Bedford Bor.	1860	462 40
M. Holderbaum " Tp.	"	553 62
Samuel S. Fluke, Broad Top	"	319 20
Simon Stuckey, Colerain	"	418 85
Samuel Boor Cumb. Valley	"	316 46
Hugh Wertz Harrison	"	219 70
William Cypher Hopewell	"	272 48
Leonard Bittner Juniata	"	331 28
Isaac Kensinger Liberty	"	91 28
John Wilhelm Londonderry	"	216 91
Philip Felton Monroe	"	318 45
Joseph Blackburn Napier	"	506 53
Wm. Lysinger Providence E.	"	249 65
Daniel Ritchey (of J.) Providence W.		169 55
John Otto Schellsburg Bor.	"	86 73
Jacob Berkheimer St. Clair	"	376 00
Joseph Disbrow Snake Springs	"	236 87
Philip Clingerman Southampton	"	324 16
Abram Croyle Union	"	349 12
Rudolph Hoover Woodbury M.		731 57
Jacob S. Brumbaugh, Woodbury S.		555 19
		10034 34½

CONTRA. CR.

By amount paid State Treasurer as per receipt	5437 80
Collectors commissions for 1860, and previous years	340 95
Collector's exonerations as per certificate of commissioners	107 37
Paid B. F. Meyers publishing notice to retailers and dealers	3 00
B. F. Meyers, publishing list of retailers	15 00
D. Over, publishing list of retailers	15 00
Levi Agnew, mileage as mercantile appraiser	12 00
Levi Agnew, services as mercantile appraiser	20 62½
Treasurer's commission on 5977.78	59 77
Amount uncollected for the year 1860, and previous years	9993 58
	16005 01½

Retailer's License.

Aggregate amount of said licenses for 1860, as per list furnished by mercantile appraiser	449 00
CR.	
Cash paid State Treasurer	210 00
Treasurer's commission	22 45
Cash paid State Treasurer	216 55
	449 00

Tavern License.

Aggregate amount of said License for the year 1860, as per return of Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions	650 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer as per receipts	550 00
Treasurer's commission	32 50
Exonerations of John A. Snively's license	25 00
Cash paid State Treasurer as per receipt	42 50
	650 00

Eating Houses.

To aggregate amount of said license	110 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	60 00
Treasurer's commission	5 50
Cash paid State Treasurer as per receipt	44 50
	110 00

Distilleries.

Aggregate amount of said License for 1860	50 00
CR.	
Cash paid State Treasurer as per receipt	47 50
Treasurer's commission	2 50
	50 00

Venders of Spiritous Liquors.

By the quart	75 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	71 25
Treasurer's commission	3 75
	75 00

Billiard Rooms,

To aggregate amt., of said License for the year 1860.	17 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasury as per receipt	16 15
Treasurer's commission,	85
	17 00

Ten Pin Alley.

To aggregate amt., of said license	38 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasury as per receipt.	36 10
Treasurer's commission.	1 90
	38 00

Confectionaries.

Aggregate amount of said license	35 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	28 75
Treasurer's commission	1 25
Exoneration on P. Devore	5 00
	35 00

Hawkers and Peddlers.

To aggregate amount of License	8 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	8 00

Banking Houses.

Aggregate amount	10 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	9 50
Treasurer's commission	50
	10 00

Statement of money owed by the County of Bedford.

To	John Sill,	2000.00
"	Elizabeth Rea,	50.00
"	John Brice,	5000.00
		$7050.00

BEDFORD COUNTY SS.

The undersigned Auditors, of said county, do hereby certify, that in pursuance, of the Acts of Assembly, in such cases made, and provided, they met at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, and did audit, and adjust, the accounts between William Shafer, Treasurer of said county, for the year 1860, as contained in the foregoing statements, and that we have examined the foregoing account, of money due to and owed by said county, and that we have found the same, to be correct, as witness our hand, and seals, this the 7th day of January, 1861.

JAMES C. DEVORE,
DANIEL FLETCHER,
GEORGE BAUGHMAN,
Auditors.

ATTEST:
J. W. LINGENFELTER.

REPORT of the Auditors of Bedford County, to the Auditor General, January 7th, 1861. William Schafer, Treasurer of Bedford County, in account with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Treasurer. DR.

Tax on Real and Personal Estate :

Aggregate amount of said tax outstanding at last settlement	$7662 59
Aggregate amount of said tax assessed for the year 1860	8127 50
Amount received on unseated lands	314 79
Amount due Treasurer Schafer	13½
	$16005 01½

CONTRA. CR.

By amount paid State Treasurer as per receipt	5437 80
Collectors commissions for 1860, and previous years	340 95
Collector's exonerations as per certificate of commissioners	107 37
Paid B. F. Meyers publishing notice to retailers and dealers	3 00
B. F. Meyers, publishing list of retailers	15 00
D. Over, publishing list of retailers	15 00
Levi Agnew, mileage as mercantile appraiser	12 00
Levi Agnew, services as mercantile appraiser	20 62½
Treasurer's commission on 5977.78	59 77
Amount uncollected for the year 1860, and previous years	9993 58
	16005 01½

BEDFORD COUNTY SS

The undersigned, Auditors of said county, do hereby certify, that in pursuance of the Act of Assembly in such cases made and provided, they met at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, and did audit, and adjust, the accounts between William Shafer, Treasurer of said county and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, contained in the foregoing statements.

Witness our hands and seals, this 7th day of January, 1861.

JAMES C. DEVORE,
DANIEL FLETCHER,
GEORGE BAUGHMAN,

ATTEST,
J. W. LINGENFELTER.

FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, all the following described valuable Real Estate, situate in Bedford Township, Bedford County, adjoining land of George Reighard's heirs and George Biddle, containing 215 acres of good limestone land, 155 acres cleared and under fence, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being valuable timber—25 acres good meadow. The buildings are a good LOG DWELLING HOUSE, good bank Barn, spring house, and other out buildings, also, a good saw mill, and apple orchard of 200 trees, 150 of which are of the best grafted fruit, and a never fading spring of good water near the door. Also, another tract of 158 acres of timber-Land, adjoining the above. Also, a tract of Mountain land, containing 273 acres, lying convenient to said farm.

TERMS made to suit purchasers, and one Thousand dollars of the 1st payment can remain in the property if desired by the purchaser.

Possessions will be given on the 1st day of April next, if sold before the 10th day of March next. Persons desiring to purchase a valuable farm, at a great bargain, will do well to call upon the undersigned residing on the property.

JACOB BIDDLE.

Feb'y. 8th, '61.—4t

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that I have purchased, (Feb'y. 4th. 1861,) the following property, at Sheriff's Sale, to wit: One Hack, one Gray Horse, (blind,) one other Gray Horse, one Riding Saddle, one Bridle, one Two Horse Sled, One set Double Harness, one Sleigh, fifteen tons of Plaster at Poor House Mill, and ten tons of Plaster at Hopewell, all of which said property I elect to leave with John Nelson, during my pleasure, and hereby caution all persons against interfering with the same.

WM. S. FLUKE.

Feb. 8th, 1861.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.—All persons interested are hereby notified that at the present session of the Legislature of Penn'a. an application will be made for the passage of an act to be entitled "An act to incorporate the Glamorgan Iron Company," giving such company the privilege of holding lands in Huntingdon and Bedford counties, and of carrying on the business of manufacturing iron therein, in which bill the undersigned will be the corporators named.

CHARLES WOOD, SAMUEL ISETT,
R. B. WIGTON, WM. P. ORBISON,
JOHN FULTON, L. T. WATTSON,
Corporators.

Feb. 8, 1861.

LOOKING GLASSES,
ENGRAVINGS,
PICTURE FRAMES,
OIL PAINTINGS,

The most extensive and elegant assortment at the very lowest rates.—Glasses in store of every description. Mahogany framed Glasses, for country sales. Print and Portrait frames, Window Cornices, Gilt Mouldings, etc. Estimates for furnishing Glasses to fill every space, by mail on application. Engravings for Grecian and Antique Paintings.—Catalogues gratis.

JAS. S. EARLE & SON,
816 Chestnut St., Phil'a.

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the subjoined varieties of Disease:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. GENTS: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration* of the *uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in Advanced Stages of the Disease

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

B. F. Harry, Bedford; Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; J. Breneman, Woodberry; Geo. Gardill, West End; J. E. Colvin, Schellsburg; and by dealers generally.

Oct. 12, 1860.

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,

RAINSBURG, Bedford Co., Pa.

REV. W. W. BRIM, A. M., Principal,
Miss A. L. BRIM, Preceptress,
Miss S. J. BRIM, Teacher on Piano Forte.

This institution, under the supervision of the above named persons, assisted by other competent Teachers, affords a full course in Mathematics, Natural sciences, Languages, and Belles Lettres—in music, Painting, &c., it gives extended instruction. The next session will commence on Jan. 22 1861. Students admitted at any time. Habits of health, system, and promptness, views, moral, social, and domestic, are here made prominent objects of education. That the physical powers, as well as the mental, may be cultivated—Calisthenic exercises are necessary—here the Students meet each day for systematic physical exercise.

$22.50 Will pay for board, including furnished rooms, room rent, fuel and tuition in common English, per term of eleven weeks. Extras, at moderate charges, even less than heretofore, or than the circular calls for.

Students prepared for the highest class in college.

For Circulars, or particulars, address

W. W. BRIM,
Dec. 21, 1860. Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

MARTHA T. MARTIN, C. H. HAMRICK, J. A. L. MORREL
GEO. R. PEDDLE, S. R. MARTIN.

F. A. BAKER,
WITH
MARTINS, PEDDLE, HAMRICK & CO.
—IMPORTERS OF—
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND NOTIONS,
No. 30, *North Fourth St., Phil'a.*

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the subscriber, living in Middle Middle Woodberry township, on the Estate of Joseph Keagy, late of said township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make dayment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. S. LONGENECKER,
Jan. 11, 1861.

AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC PREPARATION of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest medical authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaint, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fever, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of *General Debility*, whether the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In *Nervous Affections* of all kinds, and for reason familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of Iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and over-heating: and gently regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In *Dyspepsia*, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases.

In unchecked *Diarrhœa*, even when advanced to Dystentery, confirmed, emaciating and apparently malignant, the effects have been equall decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate *Incipient Consumption*, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In *Scrofulous Tuberculosis*, this medicated iron has had far more the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well-known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In *Rheumatism*, both chronic and inflammatory, in the latter, however, more decidedly, it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In *Intermittent Fevers* it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered, in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free, to any address, on receipt of the price.

All letters, orders, etc., should be addresse to

R. B Locke & Co., General Agents,
20 CEDAR STREET, N. Y.

July 20th, '60.

PHIL'A. ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. E. GOULD,
No. 632 *Chestnut St., cor. of Seventh,*
PHILADELPHIA.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.

RAVEN, BACON & CO's., HALLET, DAVIS & CO's.,
NUNN'S & CLARK'S, AND A. H. GALE & CO's.

M

D. BORDER,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils. &c. &c.

April 27, 1855

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Stee spectacles. with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

GRANVILLE STOKES'
GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
ONE PRICE AND
NO ABATEMENT.

NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

GRANVILLE STOKES would return thanks to the public for their appreciation of his efforts to please, and their liberal patronage.

In order to keep up this kindly feeling, he has yielded to the solicitations of many of his friends and inaugurated a new system of Gifts with each Garment sold. To his choice selection of fine Fabrics, and made-up Clothing, he invites the scrutiny of the public, as well as to his new mode of doing business. Each article is warranted to be, in Fabric, Style and Make, equal to any gotten up in the City, and one price, (lower than the lowest,) marked on the Ticket.

Each article sold, or measured for, is accompanied by a Gift, varying in value from $1 to $100.

N. B.—None but the most skillful Designers, Cutters and Workmen employed; and satisfaction in Fit, Fashion. Fabric, Price and Gift, guaranteed at

GRANVILLE STOKES'
ONE PRICE GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

Nov. 18,'60.–6 ms.

BLAIR COUNTY
NORMAL SCHOOL & SEMINARY,
MARTINSBURG, BLAIR CO., PA

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B. } Principals.
J. W. DICKERSON, }

This institution will commence its first session with an able and experienced corps of instructors on Monday, Nov. 5th, 1860. No expense has been spared in making it thorough and complete in every department.

The school building is constructed and furnished upon the most approved modern plans, and is one of the best in the State. It contains a hall capable of seating 500 adults, with office, music rooms, sufficient for a school of 300 pupils.

The school is located in a region of country unexcelled for its beauty and healthfulness, and is surrounded by a moral and industrious community.

The distance to Cove Station. Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R. is six miles; to Hollidaysburg Station, Pa. R. R. 12 miles, with daily stages from the latter and tri-weekly from the former; thus making it easy of access from all parts of the country. The objects of the school are :—

1st. The Professional Training of Teachers.
2nd. The thorough Education of young ladies and gentlemen in the English and Ornamental Branches
3d. The preparation of Students for College.

The teaching Class will meet daily for lectures on the Theory and Practice of Teaching, recitation from a standard work on the subject, or discussion of Methods of Teaching by the class.

Students who desire to do so may prepare to enter the higher classes in college.

Ladies will have a separate boarding house and will be under the immediate supervision of an experienced Preceptress.

Instruction given in all the branches taught in the best Academies and Seminaries.

Whole expense, (exclusive of Ornamental branches,) for boarding, tuition, furnished rooms, room rent, and fuel, $118.00 a year.

For circular, with full particulars, address

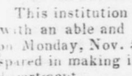
E. J. OSBORNE, or J. W. DICKERSON,

Care of J. C. EVERHART, Martinsburg, Blair co., Pa.

Oct. 12. 1860

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
BETWEEN
CHAMBERSBURG & LATROBE, via BEDFORD.

A new and splendid line of Concord built Coaches, leaves Chambersburg daily (Sunday excepted) at 7 A. M., and arrives in Bedford at 7 P. M, same day. Leaves Bedford daily, (Sundays excepted) at 7 A. M., for Latrobe, making close connection with Mail train for Pittsburg and the West. Returning, leaves Latrobe daily (Sundays excepted) on the arrival of the train from Pittsburg, at 9 30, A. M., and arrives in Bedford same evening. Passengers wishing to go East, take the coach next morning at 7 A. M., and arrive at Chambersburg same evening at 7 P. M.



RATES OF FARE :—From Bedford to Chambersburg, $3 50. From Bedford to Latrobe, $3 50. From Bedford to Pittsburg, $4.25.

The stock on this road cannot be surpassed by any in the State, and the drivers are careful, sober and accommodating. This is the cheapest, most expeditious and pleasant route passengers can take, going East or West. For further information apply to James Reamer, Chambersburg, John Hafer, Bedford, Chas. W. Fisher, Latrobe.

A. J. KEESIDE, Contractor.

N. B. Passengers for Somerset and Johnstown, connect at Stoystown with J. A. Garman's Line of Mail Coaches, also, at Jenner X Roads with E. Kierman's mail line.

Sept. 7, 1860.

NOTICE.—

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of of Jonathan Horton, are hereby notified that the books, notes &c., are in the hands of J. W. Lingenfelter for collection and that suit will be brought against all who disregard this notice.

OLIVER HORTON,
jan. 18. 1861. Administrator

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.—

Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at its present session for the passage of an act entitled, "An act to Incorporate the Powelton coal & Iron Company," empowering said company to hold lands &c. in Bedford and Huntingdon, counties, and that the names of the corporators in said company will be Francis Jordan, Samuel J. Reeves-Thomas Biddle, Robert H. Powell, Charles D. Brodhead, and William H. Harned.

Feb. 1, 1861

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT Of Kerosene Lamps and Shades, just received at
Oct. 2, 1860. HARRY'S.

A LOT OF PURE MAPLE SUGAR, FOR SALE by
July 20,'60. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

MACCARONI, CHEESE, CRACKERS, CRYstalized Fruit and Gum Candies for sale by
July20. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

THE SCIENCE OF EDUCATION AND ART OF TEACHING, by John Ogden A. M. at Dr. Harry's

SOMETHING NEW & USEFUL
CAN ALWAYS BE SEEN AT

HARTLEY'S.

Hartley has just received the finest assortment of Meat cutters and Stuffers ever brought to the county. He has a new article of cutter that excels all others, cheap and durable, also Butcher Knives by the hundred, Meat Saws, &c.,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL AND LAMPS

Brilliant, cheap and beautiful. Said to burn 2 hours for one cent. no smoke, no smell, no explosion, go to Hartley's and purchase before the prettiest are sold, and purchase a nice cheap light for the long winter nights.—Hartley also has

SPALDING'S LIQUID GLUE,

which should be in every house; it mends most everything.

HARDWARE BY THE TON,

Oil and Paints, of nearly every kind,
Iron, Nails and Glass,
Farm Implements and Machinery.
Satisfaction given to all reasonable persons.
Cash buyers wanted and favored.
Those who pay promptly and known to be reliable, may be credited 6 months.
Nov. 9, 1860.

UNION HOTEL.—
BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he has leased the above named Hotel, in the old and well known Globe building, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, and recently in the occupancy of Jonathan Horton, dec'd., where he will be happy to see his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call.—He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquor.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

Boarders taken by the day, week month and year.

JOSEPH ALSIP.

Bedford, Nov. 30, 1860.

ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.

ROHRER'S PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.—

A Book of Plain Rules and Calculations for Business Operation, By Martin M. Rohrer, Practical Surveyor and Conveyancer. New Edition, Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

This work contains 204 pages, and upwards of 500 Rules and Examples, entirely and thoroughly practical, such as arise every day in the common aursuits of Business. It has already passed through p number of Editions in rapid succession, and is tronounced by all classes of business men to be lhe handiest book of reference, pertaining to calcupations. that has ever been published.

Every example in the book is worked out in full and tated in a plain manner, so that when a parallel case arises, those referring to the work will find no difficulty in readily solving it; in a word, the general arrangement of the Calculator is so simple, that any one who knows how to add, substract, multiply, or divide, can easily solve any ordinary example that arises in business, or arrive at the result of any estimate required.

The chief aim of the author has been to eschew theory and philosophy in figures, aiming only at facts and simplicity, believing that business men care little about spending time in discussing the philosophy of rules or the science of figures, deeming it sufficient for their purpose to be able at a moment, by reference, to arrive at the true result The calculator differs in this respect from all Arithmetics of the day, and kindred works—it is a key to practical business calculations—it is, in the hands of the business man, what the key to mathemrtical works is in the hands of the teacher in the school-room—it facilitates time and insures correctness.

THE WORK TREATS OF THE

Measurement of Land, of Lumber, of Brick and Brick work, of Stone and Stone Work, of Grain and Grain Bins, of Coal and Coal Bins, of Wood, of Solids, of Liquids, of Circular, of Square, or Irregular Vessels, of Cisterns and Vats, of Roofing, of Plasterers, Painters', Glaziers', Pavers', Plumbers, Paper Hangers', and Upholsters', Work. It treats of Currency and of Foreign and Domestic Exchange of the Decimal System, of Reduction and its extended application to Business, of Simple and compound Interest, and their entire application to Business transactions, with the laws and usages governing and regulating the same, together with numerous Commercial Forms—of Legal Tender, of Partial Payments on Notes, of Banking and Bank Discount of Equation of Payments and Partnership Accounts of Assessment of Taxes, of Weights and Measures, of Square and Cubic Measure, of the Square Root and its application to Business, of Surfaces, of Excavation, and of many other important practical matters not within the scope of an advertisement to mention.

☞Mailed (post paid) to any part of the United States upon receipt of the money. Price of a single Copy, in Cloth, 60 Cents, or two Copies for $1. 00. Bound in Pocket-book form, Morocco, $1.06 per copy.

ADDRESS :

M. M. ROHRER,
Box 1911 Philadelpaia P. O., Pa.

30, 1860.–6ms.

SETTLEMENT.—

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the subscriber, either by note or book accounts, will confer a favor, by settling the same, by the first of January.

All persons having claims, will present them for settlement, as I wish to have all accounts closed. I am determined to have my books closed.

GEO BLYMIRE.

☞I have a large assortment of Stoves and Tinware that I will sell low for cash, or on short credit. Also a few second handed cook-stoves that will be sold very low.

G. B.

Dec. 14th, 1860.

CALL AND SEE!!
A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL!!!
Assortment of Coal Oil Lamps, of the latest styles, just received, and for sale cheap. at
H. C. REAMER'S
Nov. 16, 1860. Drug Store.

NORTHERN LIGHT!!!
THE CHEAPEST!!!
And best light in use, can be had by buying Coal Oil, perfectly pure, inodious and free from smoke while burning, at $1.00 per gallon, at
H. C. REAMER'S
Nov. 16, 1860. Drug Store.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
S. E. Cor. 11th & Market Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA

W. KANAGA, }
W. McVEY, } PROPRIETORS.

3, 1860

BROAD TOP RAIL ROAD!

Arrangements have been effected between the PENNSYLVANIA R. R. CO. and HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP R. R. CO., by which Freights are transported at the following low rates; From Hopewell to Philadelphia, Flour, 62½ cents per barrel. Grain, 31 cents per 100 lbs. Merchandize Westward. From Philadelphia to Hopewell, per 100 lbs., 1st Class, 75 cents. 2d class, 60 cts. 3d class 50 cents. 4th class. 35 cents. Salt and Plaster, 30 cents.

Freights Westward are received at the Pennsylvania Railroad Station, 13th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, and forwarded daily.

Freights Eastward are received at the Hopewel station of Broadtop R. R., and forwarded daily.

S. B. KINGSTON, JR.,
Freight agent, Pen'na. R. R. Co., Phil'a.
S. S. FLUCK,
Freight Agent, H. & B. T. R. R., Hopewell Station.

Riddlesburg Coal, Fine and Lump, always on hand and for sale.

S. S. FLUCK.

Sept. 7, 1860.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING

MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.

FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Aschom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted qual to the best Eastern make. Machinery of all inds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASCHOM.

Nov. 11, 1859

JUDSON'S

Mountain Herb Pills.

Above, we present you with a perfect likeness of Tezuco, a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation, that once ruled Mexico. You will find a full account of him and his people in our Pamphlets and Almanacs—to be had gratis, from the Agents for these Pills.

The Inventor and Manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in traveling, having visited nearly every country in the world. He spent over six years among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was thus that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" were discovered. A very interestin account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all diseases arise from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is at once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure spring, from which ran a tiny rivulet, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discolored. As quickly does impure blood fly to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon dies out.

These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This *Anti-Bilious* Medicine expels from the blood the hidden seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and secretions pure and fluent, clearing and resuscitating the vital organs.

Pleasant indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach, a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS," that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to brighten with the flush of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Bowel Complaints,	*Debility,*	*Inward Weakness,*
Coughs,	*Fever and Ague,*	*Liver Complaints,*
Colds,	*Female Complaints,*	*Lowness of Spirits,*
Chest Diseases,	*Headaches,*	*Piles,*
Costiveness,	*Indigestion,*	*Stone and Gravel,*
Dyspepsia,	*Influenza,*	*Scondary Symptoms.*
Diarrhœa,	*Inflammation,*	
Dropsy,		

* * * * * *

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞ The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tezucans, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—*The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., on each box.*

B. L. JUDSON & Co.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 50 Leonard Street,
NEW YORK.

☞ FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS. ☜

To be had at H. C. REAMER'S Drug and Book Store, Bedford, Pa.

Jan. 11, 1860.–1y.

FOR SALE OR TRADE!

25 Tons of Plaster.
3 New Two horse wagons.
1 New set of Double Harness

The highest market price paid for wheat, rye corn, oats, and buckwheat.

Poor House Mill, }
Bedford, Nov. 16. } JOHN NELSON.

FOR SALE,
OR TRADE,

A first-rate farm of limestone land, in Morrison's Cove, containing about 131 acres, 100 of which are cleared and balance well timbered. The farm is well watered. The improvements are a good two story Frame House, Log House, Barn, &c. There is a good orchard upon the premises. The farm adjoins Bloomfield Furnace, lies half a mile from the Hollidaysburg Turnpike, and four miles from Martinsburg. There is a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce, and the land is in a high state of cultivation. For particulars inquire of David Daniel, in possession, or George Cleugh, at Spang's

—ALSO—

A Grist-mill property in Harman's Bottom, now owned by Lewis N. Fyan. The mill is a large frame with two overshot whells and four run of stone; in good order, and in a good settlement, with a sufficient supply of water. The farm contains nearly 400 acres; about 100 aliuvial soil. and cleared; and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a large brick house, tenant house, miller's house, barn, distillery, &c. The farm can be divided without disadvantage. Terms reasonable.

—ALSO—

A tract of land in St. Clair tp., containing 93 acres, or thereabouts, about 55 acres cleared, with a two story log dwelling house, tenant-house and two log stables thereon erected; also. an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. Keefe, Jacob Semler and others; formerly the property of George Kimberlin.

—ALSO—

a Farm of 166 acres, about 100 cleared, with Double Log House, New Bank Barn, and two good orchards thereon, lying on the Juniata River, two miles from Stonerstown, and half a mile from the rail road. This farm is composed of a good quality of river bottom land, 30 or 40 acres of which can be put into good meadow. The whole is now in a good state of cultivation.

—ALSO—

A farm of 118 acres of limestone land in Liberty Township near Stonerstown, known as the "John Stoler property," adjoining lands of 'Squire Kensinger, Stoler and others. The improvements are a Log House, Log Barn &c. There is good water on the premises, also an orchard of good fruit.

—ALSO—

A new two-story Rough-cast House and two lots of ground in Broadtop city.

—ALSO—

160 acres of the best quality of land in Harrison county, Iowa, near the Missouri, and close to the county seat.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground in Omaha city, Nebraska.

—ALSO—

100 acres of land, in Southampton Township, Bedford county, lately owned by Wm. Lashley.

ERMS to suit buyers.

O. E. SHANNON,
an 27, 1860 Bedford, Pa

DISSOLUTION
OF PARTNERSHIP.

The late firm of J. REED & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent, and the books of the firm of Reed & Minnich have been left in the hands of their attorney J. P. Reed, and those of Jacob Reed, for settlement and collection; and all persons concerned desiring to save costs must call immediately and make settlement, as but little delay will be afforded.

JACOB REED

Will now continue the business on the CASH AND PRODUCE SYSTEM. He will do business on the SQUARE, so that he can sell goods at a CHEAPER RATE than ever; he does not wish to charge CASH and PROMPT customers with the losses occasioned by non-paying customers—therefore, Cash or Produce will govern his trade. He invites his friends and customers to call and examine his splendid NEW GOODS; they will be shown with pleasure and disposed of at very light profits. Just opening and on hand

DRY GOODS, HATS, CAPS,
CLOTHING, SHOES,
QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES,

And all goods kept in a general store.

LADIES can here find all they want for dress o comfort.

GENTLEMEN need seek no further for their essentials.

Come and examine for yourselves, a ready welcome awaits you.

Nov. 9, 1860.

MORE NEW AND CHEAP GOODS
AT
A. B. CRAMER & CO'S.,
BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned have just received a large and general assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Our present stock is very complete, and we respectfully invite our friends and customers to call and

EXAMINE THE PRICES,
EXAMINE THE PRICES.

Cash or prompt six month buyers may expect, and will be offered,

GREATER BARGAINS,
GREATER BARGAINS,

th an ever offered before. All kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED,
COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED.

Oct. 26, 1860.

OSTER & CARN

NEW WINTER GOODS,
AT THE CHEAP STORE
OF
OSTER & CARN,
BEDFORD, PA.,

Just received a handsome line of new and fashionable

DRESS GOOD,
Shawls, Prints, Ginghams,
Sacking flannels in all colors,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
Satinetts, Jeans, Ready-made
Vests, Business and Over-Coats,
Hosiery, Gloves, Boots, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Glass, China and
Queensware, Groceries, Spices, &c.,
And everything NEW AND CHEAP.—

Being determined to adhere to the system of "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS," we believe it will be to the interest of all to EXAMINE our Stock, before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

Oct. 26,'60.

OSTER & CARN

EMPLOYMENT.—

The undersigned are desirous of securing the services of a few Young Men to engage in a Travelling Agency, upon a salary of

FORTY DOLLARS PER MONTH,

and all expenses paid. This is an opportunity seldom offered, and those who merit the approbation of the Subscribers, by strict attention to business, can rely upon constant employment for a term of years. For further particulars address

CONANT & DRAKE,
31 Main St., Atkinson Depot, N. H.

Nov. 23d.3m

TO BUILDERS.—

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths.—Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford county, will be promptly attended to, by nging a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

DRUGS AND BOOKS
H. C. REAMER,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.
At the Stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C Reamer.)

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnish tine, Window Glass, Glassware

received, a large stock of American, French English perfumery. Also, a great variety of Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Ton Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knive Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most mode rn and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery. Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.

Dec. 16, 1859.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, APPLE MILLS, COOKING, TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND

Sleigh soles, wash kettles of different sizes wag boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in country Foundry.

☞PLOUGHS.—WOODCOCK, SEYLER, and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

Sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'60-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

MENGEL HOUSE,
JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.

He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Springs, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.

Boarders will be received on favorable terms.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

Bedford, April 20, 1860.

CONFECTIONARY
AND GROCERY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles :—

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

June 17,'59.–1y.

FOR RENT —

The subscriber offers for rent the Store Room known as the "Kerns Stand," immediately opposite the store of N. Lyons & Sons, and lately occupied by J. & J. M. Shoemaker.—ALSO—the Dwelling House at present in the occupancy of W. M. Hall, Esq. Application should be made soon.

F. C. REAMER.

Dec. 21st.

SETTLE YOUR ACCOUNTS.—

Our published terms, as our friends will please bear in mind, require annual settlement of our accounts on the first of January of each year. Our books are now ready for such settlement, and we respectfully, but earnestly, request all who are indebted to us to come forward and arrange their accounts. A word to the wise is sufficient.

J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.

Bedford, Jan. 1, 1861.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the subscriber residing in Schellsburg, Bedford county upon the last will &c., of Philip Shrader, late of St Clair Township, dec'd., he notifies all persons indected to the estate to make immediate payment, and all those having claims, are tequested to present the same properly authenticared for settlement.

ABRAM B. BUNN,
Jan. 4th; '61. Executo.

WASHINGTON HOUSE,
BEDFORD, PA.

MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased, for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOUSE," and lately kept by MRS. COOK. This house is being thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and comfortable temporary home.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and accommodation of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges moderate.

Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance. Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

March 30th, 1860.

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

ACOB REED. G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL.

REED, RUPP & SCHELL,
BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOB MANN,	Bedford,	Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA,	"	"
JOHN MOWER,	Somerset,	"
R. FORWARD,	"	"
RUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.,	Phil	"
J. WATT & Co.,	Pittsbur	"
J. W. CURLEY, & Co.,		"

CESSNA & SHANNON—

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN P. REED—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

O. H. GAITHER—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt street, two doors east of the Gazette office. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him. [Nov. 4, '59.]

JOHN BORDER—

GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN—

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

MANN & SPANG—

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence o Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN
Aug. 1, 1859. G. H. SPANG.

J. W. LINGENFELTER—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞Office three doors North of the "Inquirer" Office.

DR. B. F. HARRY—

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

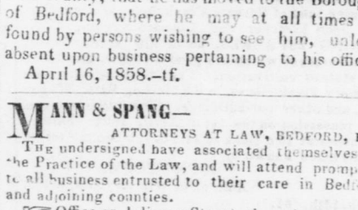
Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. F. C. REAMER—

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Aug. 1, 1859.

H. L. GODBOLD,
TUNER & REPAIRE R



of Pianos, Melodeons &c., has made arrangements to visit this place regularly at stated periods. The next visit will be in October. Yearly contracts made. Price for tuning $2.00. First class pianos for sale. Orders to be left at the "Gazette" office. H. L. G. has permission to refer to the following persons for whom he has tuned :

Hon. A. King, Hon. S. L. Russell, John Mower, Esq., O. E. Shannon, Esq., Dr. W. H. Watson, Rev. S. Barnes, Mrs. Freytet.

June 29,'60.

FOR SALE,
OR EXCHANGE.

Three tracts of very choice farm land, containing 160 acres in each tract, situate on the Illinois Centrla R. R. in Champaign co., State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and 1 mile from Rentual Station on said road. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never failing pond of water. The city of Urbana contains a population of 3000. Champaign is the greatest wheat growing country in the State.

Address, F. C. REAMER,
Bedford, Pa.

WINCHESTER & CO.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE,
—AND—
PATENT SHOULDER SEAM SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
No. 706 CHESTNUT Street,
Above Seventh, opposite the Washington House,

Fine Shirts and Drawers made from measurement at a few days notice and in all cases Warranted to fit. Formula for measurement furnished on application by mail. LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

FALL TRADE NOTICE.

BUNN, RAIGUEL & CO.,
No. 137 North Third Street,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
FANCY DRY GOODS,

Invite the attention of Purchasers to their extensive Stock of fancy Dry Goods, Silks, Embroideries, Cloths, Cassimeres &c.

May 18,'60.–

OSWEGO CORN STARCH, the best article, Dr. Harry's.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE, at Dr. Harry's.

Dec. 14t,